

The Mountain Advocate.

Official Organ of the Republican Party in Knox County.

New Series: Vol. I. No. 28.

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, MAR. 22, 1912

Vol. IX. No. 6

SEA NOW GRAVE OF THE MAINE

**Hulk of Battleship Taken
to Open Waters of Ocean
and Sunk in Presence of
Many Naval Officers.**

CEREMONY OF BURIAL LONG AND IMPRESSIVE

**Bodies of Sailors Who Lost
Their Lives in Wreck
Sent to Washington.**

Louisville Herald

HAVANA, March 16.—Under lowering skies and in a heavy tumbling sea the old battleship Maine, resurrected after fourteen years burial in Havana harbor, today plunged with her colors flying to her everlasting rest 600 fathoms deep in the sapphire waters of the gulf. The sinking of the hulk was carried out precisely as planned, marking the end of the great work begun more than a year and a half ago.

The coffins containing the bodies of the heroic dead were taken aboard the armored cruiser North Carolina, where they were deposited on the quarterdeck completely covered by a great mound of floral tributes, under a guard of honor composed of marines.

Many guns were fired by the North Carolina and the scout cruiser Birmingham and the batteries of Cabanas fortress until the ships cleared the harbor.

Soon after 2 o'clock the navy tug Oceolo, aboard of which were the members of the Maine Commission, passed lines to the stern end of the wedge-shaped wreck and started seaward.

Her decks covered deep with flowers and palms and a great American ensign floating from the juremast, where the mainmast formerly stood, the Maine put to sea on her last voyage.

At 4:35 o'clock a three-whistle blast from the North Carolina, fol- by one gun, announced that the three-mile limit had been crossed. Half an hour was given laggards of the fleet to arrive.

Meanwhile the wrecking crew went aboard the hulk and made ready to carry out the arrangements for the sinking, which consisted of opening numerous valves at the bottom.

Precisely at five o'clock another whistle sounded from the North Carolina and another gun was fired. The crew instantly threw open the valves, jumped aboard a tug along- side, which steamed a little distance away. Then all eyes in the great fleet were fixed on the wreck.

For ten minutes no change was visible in the trim of the great rusty, battered hulk, which pitched heavily as the huge rollers struck her. Then she was seen to be sinking at the bulkhead end. Soon the waves began to wash over her deck.

As she remained pitching and wall- owing, each moment sinking deeper and deeper, the stern was seen to rise. In a few seconds the hulk was almost vertical showing first the propellers and then the full keel.

The next moment there was a flash of blue and white, as the great flying from the mast, struck the waves and disappeared. Simultane- ously the decks were blown up by the air pressure, and with incredible velocity the Maine plunged down, leaving no trace save flowers tossing on the surface of the sea.

A summary of the bills passed by the last General Assembly, which has just closed, will be published in next week's issue of this Advocate. Five columns will be used for this article and it will instruct all who read it. Be sure and read it.

TREASURER'S FINAN- CIAL STATEMENT

Showing Condition of the City of
Barbourville at the close of
the Year 1911

Orders paid in January, 1911.	
Barbourville Water Work Co., water for Oct., Nov., Dec., 1910	\$300.00
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for Dec., 1910	90.00
W. M. Mitchell, salary as City Clerk to Dec. 31, 1910	30.00
Peoples News Printing Co., printing for city	5.00
G. F. Tinsley, salary as C. of P. Dec. 1910	25.00
Croley Hdw. & Gro. Co., tools	2.30
Cumberland Nat'l Gas Co., gas for 1 cc., 1911	2.24
J. R. Jones, rent for city hall for 1910	60.00
J. M. Wilson, salary as Mayor to Dec. 31, 1910	37.50
J. F. Catron, salary as City Atty. to Dec. 31, 1910	100.00
J. W. Hughes, salary as councilman to Dec. 31, 1910	8.50
M. Cannon, salary as councilman to Dec. 31, 1910	8.70
J. M. Tinsley, salary as councilman to Dec. 31, 1910	6.50
J. S. Lock, salary as councilman to Dec. 31, 1910	6.00
E. E. Sawyer, salary as councilman to Dec. 31, 1910	7.00
J. M. Tinsley, mistake on salary allowance to Dec. 31, 1910	2.00
George Dorsey, labor	.02
John Jones	.02
John Treadaway, bal. on hauling	12.90
Jim Stone	4.88
Dan Walker, labor	.88
Tom Drake	.50
Total	\$708.94

Orders paid in February, 1911.	
J. S. Lock, mistake on salary	.50
W. H. McDonald, office fixtures	7.50
Barbourville Electric Light Co., for January lights	90.00
G. F. Tinsley, January salary	25.00
Cumberland Nat'l Gas Co., gas for Jan.	1.68
W. R. Gibson, salary as councilman to Dec. 31, 1910	7.00
Wilson Bros., tools and nails	1.05
C. B. Parrott, surveying on street	1.55
D. W. Clark, printing 1910 statement	12.00
Dan Walker, labor	1.12
Ambros Coleman, labor	1.25
Total	\$148.05

Orders paid in March, 1911	
G. F. Tinsley, February salary	25.00
J. S. Lock, overcharge on taxes	4.50
W. H. Davis, dieting prisoners to date	12.00
George Dorsey, labor	.37
Cumberland Nat'l Gas Co., Feb. gas	1.68
Barbourville Electric Light Co., Feb. lights	90.00
Total	\$134.15

Orders paid in April, 1911.	
Barbourville Water Co., water for Jan., Feb., March.	\$300.00
T. H. Drake, labor	.87
J. M. Riddell, salary as Judge for Jan., Feb., Mar.	45.00
G. F. Tinsley, salary for Mar. and statement rendered for drying hose	26.55
Chas. Main, killing and burying dog	1.00
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for March	90.00
P. V. Cole, overcharge on taxes	1.50
Cumberland Nat'l Gas Co., Mar. gas	1.40
E. E. Sawyer, overcharge on 1910 taxes	5.00
Total	\$471.32

Orders paid in May, 1910.	
Henry Foley, lumber	2.00
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for April	90.00
Tom Newley, labor	1.12
Chas. Hardy, labor	1.02
Lewis Tye	2.03
John Price, hauling lumber	.25
P. Bannon Sewer Pipe Co., traps &c.	16.08
G. W. Tye, freight and drayage	4.44
Harrison Mills, labor	3.50
James Williams, hauling on streets	1.56
Cumberland Nat'l Gas Co., April Gas	.84
G. F. Tinsley, April salary	25.00
Chas. Main, killing and burying dog	.50
John Vanbever, blacksmithing	.35
Alex Sevier, tiling	.65
Harrison Mills, labor	1.25
G. F. Tinsley, amount overpaid treas.	34.20
for 1910 taxes	
Leo Henderson, labor	7.75
Tom Newley	7.75
Harrison Mills	8.75
James Williams, hauling on street	6.00
B. H. Mays, labor	6.12
J. T. Walker	2.50
Ambros Coleman, labor	.50
Lewis Tye	5.00
Total	\$280.79

Orders paid in June, 1911.	
W. C. Lockhart, salary as Assessor	60.00
F. W. Golden, piping, labor, tiling	11.57
Wilson Bros. tools	4.90
B. S. Matthews, services as supervisor	6.00
G. F. Tinsley, salary for May	25.00
J. M. Wilson, express paid on tax book and 1 wrenches for fire dept.	1.35
C. B. Parrott, surveying for city	42.31
R. H. Carothers & Sons, 1911 tax book	3.35
Peoples News Printing Co., printing	1.00
Alex Jones, crossing	22.05
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for May	90.00
Farlie Fire Hose Co., wrenches for fire department	8.20
Total	\$279.23

Ordered paid in July, 1911	
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for June	90.00
Jack Tye, labor	4.37
James Williams, hauling on street	3.00
Dan Walker, labor	4.37
P. D. Brittain, services as supervisor	6.00
Mavis Tye, labor for Tye & Newley	.50
Barbourville Water Co., April, May, June water	\$300.00
G. F. Tinsley, June salary	25.00
J. M. Riddell, April, May, June salary	45.00
W. M. Mitchell, making 1911 tax book	7.50
W. M. Mitchell, salary to July 1, 1911	37.50
W. M. Mitchell, clerk of supervisors to 7-1-1911	6.00
J. W. Hughes, salary as councilman to 7-1-1911	6.50
J. M. Wilson, salary as Mayor to 7-1-1911	37.50
First National Bank, 1 bond and 1 coupon	\$35.00
M. Cannon, salary as councilman to 7-1-1911	7.50
Robert Gibson, salary as councilman	

CITY CLERK'S STATEMENT

Showing the Condition of the City of
Barbourville, Ky., for the
Year 1911

Balance in Treasurer's hands Jan. 1, 1911	\$2787.12
Taxes collected from L. & N. R. R. Co. for 1910	108.73
Due Jan. 1, 1910 from G. F. Tinsley on 1910 tax	\$2004.22
Plus amount overpaid Treasurer on 1910 tax	34.20
" " dog tax collected after Jan. 1, 1911 for year 1910	3.00
" " assessed and collected by collector for year 1910	3.75
Total	\$2045.17

Less exonerations allowed	\$269.67
" delinquents allowed	74.50
" 5% com. on collection of \$6,000	300.00
Total	\$644.17

Tax book for 1911 (G. F. Tinsley)	1401.00
Fines reported collected by J. M. Riddell, Judge	6548.39
License for 1911	276.50
License for 1911	97.25
Dirt sold Bert Catron	1.00
Total	\$11219.99

RECAPITULATION.	
By balance in Treasury	\$ 4063.98
To warrants paid by Treasurer in 1911	6006.62
To balance due by G. F. Tinsley on 1910 tax	1.00
To balance due by G. F. Tinsley on 1911 tax	1148.39
Total	\$11219.99

RESOURCES, JANUARY 1, 1912.	
By balance in Treasury	\$4063.98
By balance due from G. F. Tinsley on 1910 tax	1.00
By balance due from G. F. Tinsley on 1911 tax	1148.39
Net amount due from L. & N. R. R. Co. for 1911 tax	108.73
Due for fines replevied and collectable	132.37
Total	\$5454.47

Total Resources	\$5454.47
Less vouchers drawn and allowed by Council Dec. 30, 1911 and not presented to treasurer for payment	734.21
NET RESOURCES JANUARY 1, 1912.	\$4720.26

W. M. MITCHELL, City Clerk.	
Examined and found correct.	
JOHN M. TINSLEY, } Aud. Com.	
JOHN W. HUGHES, }	
W. C. FAULKNER, }	

Approved March 18, 1912.	
J. M. WILSON, Mayor.	

Attest:	
W. M. MITCHELL, City Clerk.	

STILL WE GROW

Assets of The First National Bank were on	
March 16, 1912	\$230,282.33
March 16, 1911	\$168,842.21
Increase for year	\$ 61,440.12

Assets were on	
March 16, 1912	\$230,282.33
January 1, 1912	\$192,743.23
Increase for 2 1-2 months	\$ 37,539.10

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK LEADS — OTHERS FOLLOW —

We Pay 3 per cent on Time Deposits

This bank is not only a designated depository of the U. S. Government, but is an ACTUAL depository for the United States Government for Postal Savings Bank, United States Court and Post Office

First National Bank, Barbourville, Ky.

to 7-1-1911	
J. M. Wilson, cash paid Henry Shoup for pick handle	7.50
J. M. Tinsley, salary as councilman to 7-1-1911	.70
C. C. Smith, salary as treasurer from Jan. 1, 1910 to July 1, 1911	7.50
First National Bank, 5 coupons on bond	18.00
Zalem Harris, labor	125.00
E. E. Sawyer, salary as councilman to 7-1-1911	8.87
J. S. Lock, salary as councilman to 7-1-1911	5.00
James Williams, hauling on street	7.50
George Foley, labor	8.25
Dan Walker	10.50
J. A. Owens, agent, freight on 2 cars stone	30.46
Total	\$1332.02

Orders paid in August, 1911	
J. A. Owens, agent, freight on 3 cars stone	45.01
First National Bank, 1 coupon on bond	25.00
G. F. Tinsley, July salary	25.00

NOTABLE TAFT ACHIEVEMENTS

His Administration Has Gained
Many Worthy Ends.

ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY.

Millions of Dollars Saved to Govern- ment by Commission Aily Supported by Executive—High Standards Set by Policies of the President—What These Policies Are.

1. Arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France.
 2. Veto of Arizona statehood bill because of recall of judges provision.
 3. Enforcement of Sherman anti-trust law without fear or favor.
 4. Veto of Democratic wool, cotton and free list bills as unfair, unscientific and destructive of the Republican principle of protection.
 5. Abrogation of discriminating passport treaty with Russia.
 6. Postal savings banks established.
 7. Railroads prevented from putting rate increases into effect without approval of interstate commerce commission.
 8. Panama canal pushed to early completion without hint of scandal.
 9. White slave traffic practically destroyed.
 10. Admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood.
 11. Bureau of mines established to safeguard the lives of miners.
 12. American capital and labor benefited by extension of foreign markets.
 13. Abolition of peonage.
 14. Income tax amendment to the constitution submitted to state legislatures for ratification.
 15. Boiler inspection law passed by congress.
 16. Bond issue to complete irrigation projects in the west.
 17. Maintenance and extension of open door policy in China.
 18. Peace maintained in Cuba, South and Central America by friendly warnings and intervention.
 19. Government business methods modernized and reformed by economy and efficiency commission, saving millions of dollars annually.
 20. Nonpolitical methods used in taking the thirteenth census.
 21. Bucket shops and get-rich-quick concerns destroyed.
 22. Parcels post recommended.
 23. New treaty with Japan, ending racial controversies on the Pacific coast.
 24. Further extension of safety appliance act.
 25. Postoffice department made self sustaining.
 26. Canadian reciprocity. Rejected by Canada through fear that the United States would derive the benefits.
 27. Publication of campaign funds and expenditures.
 28. Indorsement of commission's report and proposed bill concerning employers' liability.
 29. Reorganization of customs service, corruption eliminated, frauds exposed and punished and millions of dollars recovered.
 30. Court of commerce to review findings of interstate commerce commission.
 31. Nonpartisan tariff board to report on the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad.
 32. Corporation tax, yielding \$30,000,000 annually; government examination of corporation methods provided.
 33. A deficit of \$58,000,000 transformed into a \$30,000,000 surplus.
 34. Nonpartisan judicial appointments.
 35. Further control of railroads through extension of powers of the interstate commerce commission.
 36. Workingman's compensation act brought to successful issue in the supreme court.
 37. Stock and bonds commission; valuable and exhaustive report submitted as basis for legislation.
 38. Extension of civil service by executive order.
 39. Practical conservation acts.
 40. Courts of customs appeals; undervaluations stopped.
- Policies of President Taft.**
1. Peace with all the world through just dealing and preparedness for war.
 2. Neither race nor creed a bar to appointment to office.
 3. The upholding of a righteous judiciary.
 4. Economy and efficiency, including care of superannuated employees.
 5. Penny postage through postal economies.
 6. States' rights when not in conflict with federal authority.
 7. Extension of practical conservation acts.

8. Parcels post.
9. Federal incorporation act.
10. Revision of currency laws and prevention of panics.
11. Protection of American citizens at home and abroad.
12. High standard set in federal appointments.
13. Scientific study of industrial conditions.
14. International investigation of causes of high cost of living.
15. Scientific revision of the tariff on a protective basis through nonpartisan tariff board.

ALL REMEMBER THE MAINE

River Craft Whistles Blown and Bells in New York Told

NEW YORK, March 16.—At the stroke of 3 this afternoon, in remembrance of the Maine, all river and harbor craft hereabouts blew their whistles and churches in all parts of the city tolled their bells for five minutes, the ancient fire bell in the Mount Morris tower in Harlem and the bell in the Metropolitan tower also were tolled.

Cincinnati Commercial Club Excursion

We are in receipt of an announcement from the Cincinnati Commercial Club stating that their second annual Booster's excursion train will pass through our city on Friday April 26th and that they will remain with us thirty minutes. They will be accompanied by Weber's band and will arrive here at 8:15 a. m. and leave at 8:45 for Corbin and other points where they will stop on their return home.

Their train will include 5 pullman sleepers, 1 tourist sleeper, baggage car, 1 commissary car, and 2 dining cars. They will cover 825 miles on this trip and visit 37 towns. Starting from Cincinnati on Monday, April 22nd they will go to Chattanooga, Tenn. over the Q & C and then back to Knoxville over the Southern, and from there to Middlesboro, where they will connect with the L & N and complete their circuit. They will have a corps of speakers and booklets containing a photograph of each passenger, and want to make this the greatest and best trip ever.

This will be the second visit we have had from a Booster Special, having been visited last year by a similar excursion from Louisville, and as they are accompanied by Weber's band, we would suggest that a short musical program be arranged and an exchange of greetings between their speakers and representative citizens of our city.

Caleb Powers has Been Honored And His Ability Recognized

When the Republican Congressmen and Republican United States Senators, both "insurgent" and "standpatters" from every state in the whole country got together the other night to select the Congressional Committee to help conduct the National Republican campaign this fall Caleb Powers was unanimously elected as one of the members.

Mr. Powers' friends all over the country will be glad to know that his political foresight has been thus recognized and his abilities as a statesman thus recognized.

Educational Meeting to be at Corbin

A meeting of the 11th Congressional District Educational Association will be held in Corbin, beginning Friday, April 5th and lasting two days. An interesting program is being arranged and every one interested in the promotion of education should attend. The day sessions will be held in the Odd Fellows' Hall and the night sessions in the opera house. For further information write H. H. Fuson at Pineville, or Miss Marie Brock at Loudon.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

CHAS. D. COLE EDITOR
FRED W. HEMPHILL .. ASSOCIATE

Entered as Second-Class Matter February
16, 1901 at the Postoffice at Barbourville,
Ky., under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

One Dollar Per Year in Advance

The Official Organ of the Republican
Party in Knox County.

In this issue we are publishing the financial statement of the city of Barbourville at the close of the year 1911, showing the condition of the treasury and the items of expenditure and the amount of each. Every citizen and tax payer of this city has a right to know for what the funds of the city are expended, and this statement is published for that purpose.

Last week we published on the front page as a news item a report that was being talked all over the town of a secret caucus being held by the Roosevelt followers after their organization last week, in which it was stated that they had met and selected a slate for the next county election of officers. Prominent men who were leaders in this organization deny this and say that there was no meeting held and that the report was circulated for the purpose of putting the Roosevelt faction in a bad light. We came in for quite a bit of criticism for publishing this article and for this reason we are making the above statement.

While we are for Mr. Taft for re-nomination, yet we do not wish to take an unfair advantage of anyone in so doing and our personal opinions and views will always be found in this column under the flagstaff. There is a great difference in a news item and an editorial but there are few people who seem to realize this fact, especially when it is seen in a country newspaper. That statement published was common rumor all over the streets and true or untrue it matters not, for we stated that it was a report and do not stand responsible for the veracity of the statement. In the past we have refrained from publishing many items of interest to the public on account of various reasons, but an item is nothing more than the retelling of a statement from one person to several, and we have about decided that in the future we will use all items which we think of interest to our readers, and what comment we have to make will be found on the second page under the flagstaff.

As above stated, the Roosevelt followers claim that this report was false, and if this is the case then we regret that we were the instrument of any injury to their cause.

LAST CALL

Fair warning! Third and last call; unless we receive the renewal of those whose subscriptions have expired and who have had their paper marked with a blue X notifying them that such was the case, we will discontinue the paper with this issue. Some have renewed and they have been credited up another year, but there are some who have not yet sent in the necessary to enable them to receive the Advocate another year, and this week we will be compelled to take off all the names of those who have failed to renew.

We are trying to improve the paper and make it more interesting, and we are put to a greater expense and we cannot send the paper to you, nor neither do we wish to unless you want it and will send us the dollar in advance and unless we hear from you this week we will presume that you do not wish the paper to be sent you any longer.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

**Economizes Butter, Flour,
Eggs; makes the food more
appetizing and wholesome**

**The only Baking Powder made
from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar**

ANNOUNCEMENT.

To the Republicans of the 11th Congressional District of Kentucky: I take this method of announcing my candidacy as a delegate to the National Republican Convention to be held in the city of Chicago on the 18th of June.

At the outset I desire to state that I am first, last and always for the nomination of President William H. Taft.

In letters heretofore written to some of my friends I stated that I would be subject to the action of the district convention, but as the matter stands at present, the race has narrowed down to Mr. Taft and Mr. Roosevelt.

At the time that I stated my willingness to abide by the instruction of the district convention, Mr. Roosevelt had unequivocally stated that under no circumstances would he be a candidate for or accept another nomination, and I did not dream that he or any other man even without such a statement would undertake to set aside the wise precedent established by Washington and conscientiously adhered to ever since by our Presidents and our people.

I am opposed to the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt because I see no good reason why if elected for a third he may not be elected for a fourth and a fifth and a sixth term and so on indefinitely, thus perpetuating one-man rule.

I am opposed to his nomination on account of the pernicious doctrine advocated by him in his Columbus speech, which if made effective, virtually destroys representative government and the guarantee of personal liberty and private property embodied in the State and Federal Constitutions and substitute there for the will of political machine, which might chance to be in control at the time when such rights come to be passed upon by the courts.

I do not subscribe to the Roosevelt doctrine that when private rights are submitted to the courts for adjudication the judge instead of endeavoring to ascertain and apply the law, must busy himself to ascertain what is the popular sentiment upon the subject or as to which one of the parties to the litigation was the stronger in the political field and therefore the most likely to succeed on account of his political strength in recalling the judge if he decided against him.

The attempt of Mr. Roosevelt to foment the popular passion against established law and order brings forcibly to my mind the outcry against law and order and established authority which preceded and no doubt contributed to the untimely taking of the lamented McKinley.

I am also against Mr. Roosevelt because in my judgement, his present action savors too strongly of party and personal ingratitude. He has been honored by the Republican party throughout his entire career and to a greater extent than any other public man and after having permitted Mr. Taft to announce himself as a candidate for re-election relying upon Mr. Roosevelt's statement that in no event would he be

come a candidate. Mr. Roosevelt now shies his hat into the ring and seeks to bring about the humiliation and discomfiture of the titular head of the Republican party, to condemn the past Republican administration, to disrupt the party and insure its defeat.

I am satisfied that in the contingency which has just arisen, by virtue of his action, it is for the best interest, not only of the Republican party, but of the country at large to kindly but decisively leave Mr. Roosevelt in his present position, as an ex President, with all the honors the party or the country could bestow upon him already bestowed, and to turn to and approve the administration that the Republican party has given the country for the past three years under Mr. Taft.

I am for Mr. Taft because I believe in a "Square Deal" and I am unable to lay my hand on any act which does not recommend him for a re-nomination in accordance with the time honored custom of the Republican administration by an endorsement of the President for the second term.

I am for Mr. Taft because he has faithfully and conscientiously carried out the party pledges as far as lay in his power I am for him because he has prosecuted more trusts and criminal conspiracies of corporate organizations against the poor man and the masses of the people in the three years of his administration than all other previous administrations, including the two administrations of Mr. Roosevelt.

I am for him because he has not found it expedient to connive at the absorption of one trust by another as Mr. Roosevelt did when under the threat of Wall Street, he weakly agreed to the absorption of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company by the steel trust.

I am for Mr. Taft because he has had the courage to meet the difficult question presented by tariff revision while to this good hour Mr. Roosevelt in all his public utterances has been as silent as the tomb on this vital issue, preferring to fight windmills of his own creation than to apply his talents to the solution of questions looking to the cost of living to the ordinary every-day citizen.

I am for Mr. Taft because of the vigorous and impartial way in which he has enforced the progressive policies already enacted in law and because of his continued recommendation to Congress for the enactment of further progressive legislation.

I am for Mr. Taft because he stands for law and order as against demagogism, anarchy and socialism.

I am for Mr. Taft because his earnest attempt to negotiate arbitration treaties with the leading nations of the world, demonstrates that he is essentially a man of peace and that under his cool-headed, well-balanced administration of public affairs, this country will not be plunged into the horrors of warfare as might easily become the case with his ambitious and unbalanced opponent who having had all the honors which his country could bestow is now consumed only with an egotistical fever to write his name even higher than that of Washington and of Lincoln upon the page of history, at no matter what cost to his country.

Respectfully submitted,
H. H. ASHER.

Wasioto, Ky.
March 11th 1912.

Resolutions of Respects

Resolutions of respect on the death of Mrs. Susan Miles of King, Ky.

Whereas the death angel has on Feb. 23, 1912 visited our midst and taken from this life the wife of our beloved brother John W. Miles whom we all esteem as a neighbor and love as a brother.

Be it therefore resolved by the members of Mackey Bend Lodge No. 3581 O. O. F. of King Ky., that we extend to brother Miles our sympathy in his sad bereavement while we regret his loss, we can say by her last testimony that she has passed through the gate that opens to the house eternal in the heavens.

Be it also resolved that these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this Lodge a copy sent to brother Miles, and one to each of our county papers and one to the Kentucky Old Fellow for publication.

Committee.

J. F. Powell

Rev. John W. Baker

O. N. Prichard

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT

Nannie Taylor, Guardian, Plff.

vs.

Emmett Taylor, Delt

Under a judgment rendered in the Knox Circuit Court at its January term 1912 in the above styled case, the undersigned Master Commissioner will, on Monday, March 25, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the Court House in Barbourville, Ky., sell on a credit of six months, only 1/2 undivided interest in the following described land; said boundary is as follows:

Beginning at two hickories and a sugar tree, corner to the Big Branch lot No. 2 and in or near the Bell County line; thence s 30 w 33 poles to three poplars; thence s 7 w 20 poles to two gums; thence s 18 w 35 poles to a white oak standing near the Bingham Field, a beginning corner to a survey made in the name of Cornelius Taylor, in 1845; thence s 5 w 35 poles to two limes; thence s 48 w 35 poles to two limes; thence s 77 w 20 p. to a Spanish oak; thence n 26 w 36 poles to 2 chestnuts; thence n 84 w 66 poles to a sugar tree and maple; thence n 3 w 33 poles to two sugar trees; thence n 37 w 50 poles to a beech on the bank of the Branch, beginning corner of a survey made in the name of John Taylor in 1871; thence s 77 w 60 poles to a stake; thence s 25 e 130 poles to a stake; thence s 45 w 100 poles to five hickories; thence s 55 w 62 poles to a poplar; thence s 45 w 105 poles to two white oaks; thence s 80 w 32 poles to two chestnut oaks; thence s 70 w 74 poles to two beeches standing in the head or gap of the Straight Creek Branch; thence down said branch n 41 e 20 poles to a lynn and sugar tree; thence n 31 e 35 poles to a large poplar and two ashes; thence n 7 w 88 poles to two poplars; thence n 30 w 85 poles to two beeches; thence n 22 e 60 poles to a stake in the rattle snake hollow; thence n 20 e 60 poles to a stake; thence e 100 poles to two beeches corner to a survey made in the name of Mat Taylor; thence s 52 w 115 poles to a stake; thence s 65 e 148 poles to a stake in the N. Taylor line; thence s 20 e 40 poles to a poplar and gum; thence s 67 e 30 poles to a buckeye and two sugar trees; thence n 1 w with the Nelson Taylor back line 195 poles to a stake, corner in a conditional line between said Harrison Taylor and Lucia Brock; thence n 32 w 66 poles to a stake on top of the point, thence up the point s 82 e 16 poles to a locust sprout or a spur; thence n 53 1/2 e 16 poles to a chestnut oak; thence n 61 e 26 poles to a black oak; thence n 41 1/2 e 39 poles to a sarvis and chestnut oak; thence n 79 e 49 poles to a hickory; thence n 81 e 20 poles to a chestnut oak, corner to lot No. 4 and 5; thence up the ridge n 51 e 19 poles to a dogwood; thence n 41 e 26 poles to a stake; thence n 48 1/2 e 28 poles to a black gum, corner to lot No. 2 and 4; thence s 81 1/2 e 82 poles to a

THE NEW MIDDLESBORO HOTEL

MIDDLESBORO, KENTUCKY

Reopened for business under new management and recognized as one of the finest

SUMMER RESORTS IN KENTUCKY

The patronage of commercial men solicited

RATES - \$2.00 and up

T. L. FIRESTONE, MGR.

D. C. Payne

Optician and Jeweler

35 YEAR'S EXPERIENCE

Complete Stock of Jewelry of all Kinds, and Musical Instruments. Orders taken for Engraving. Give me a call.—All Work Guaranteed.

Cut Glass and Diamonds

Located in W. H. Detherage's Store

CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES

HOW TO KNOW THE GENUINE

LOOK FOR THE STAMP

"CORTRIGHT" Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

and accept no substitute, if you want a roof that will last as long as the building, and never need repairs—never need attention of any kind, except an occasional coat of paint.

3. Fire-proof—Storm-proof—Lightning-proof
J. H. BLACKBURN, Agent
You will do well to consult him before purchasing your roofing

State Normal

A TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

COURSES Preparatory, State Certificate, Life Diploma, County Certificate, Review and Special

EXPENSES VERY LOW TUITION FREE TO APPOINTEES

ASK ABOUT IT. ARTISTIC CATALOGUE FREE

Address J. G. CRABBE, President, Richmond, Ky.

black oak; thence 36 e 32 poles to a hickory; thence s 78 e 26 poles to a stake; thence s 37 e 25 poles to a chestnut oak; thence s 43 e 25 poles to the beginning, containing 451 acres.

Also another small tract separate from the above described tract and lying on the north hill side below the above said tract or lot No. 7 and being a part of the property of the infant defendant Emmett Taylor. Said small tract is bounded as follows:

Situated on Board Tree Fork of Stinking Creek within 45 poles of the large tract herein above described, at the nearest point, from Mat Taylor's stake, corner at the end of 100 pole line which is north 10 e in its course. Beginning at a stake corner; thence n 66 e 36 poles to a beech; thence n 10 w 11 poles to a white oak; thence n 46 w 30 poles to a stake; thence s 10 w 100 poles, crossing at 55 poles to said Mat Taylor's corner inclosing itself with its size and shape containing 16 acres.

The one-half undivided interest in the above tracts of land will be sold to the highest bidder and the purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security bearing interest from date of sale, having the force and effect of a judgment, with a lien retained upon said property until paid in full.

Given under my hand, this March 4th, 1912.

J. R. JONES,
Master Commissioner.

Go to the moving picture show.

Will Not Use Word "Pauper."
The Norwich (England) board of guardians recently unanimously decided that in future the word "pauper" shall not be used in any of the board's records or minutes. Mr. Millington, a farmer, brought the matter forward. Many respectable persons, he said, required relief through no fault of their own, and the word was objectionable and cast undesired stigma upon recipients of relief and their children. He suggested that the word "poor" should be substituted.

Witticism at Lamb's Frolic.

It was at one of the famous "frolics" given by the Lambas. Mr. Charles Frohman had made an extremely neat and appropriate speech. There was loud applause at its finish, and then, "Author!" "Author!" cried Mr. Augustus Thomas, standing up on his chair.

NEW HOME

THE
SEWING
MACHINE
OF
QUALITY.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

When you purchase the NEW HOME you will get the best at the price you pay, and will have an endless chain of repairs.



Quality
Considered
it is the
Cheapest
in the end
to buy.

Want a sewing machine, write for catalogue before you purchase.
New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF JOHN A. BLACK

Successors to the bank of John A. Black which withstood the panic of 1893, and all panics since

The combined wealth of its share-holders is double that of any other bank in South-eastern Kentucky.

Has the largest deposits and is most liberal with its customers

Never failed to pay a dividend

Issues certificates of time deposits; pays interest thereon

A savings department; with interest to small depositors

Safe, conservative, progressive and liberal

United States Depository for Postal Savings funds

The accounts of corporations and individuals solicited

LOCALS

A. J. Croley was in Knoxville this week.

Miss Lena Wilson spent the Sunday in this city.

Be sure and go to the moving picture show Saturday night

Mrs. R. L. Mattingly, of Anchor, was shopping in this city last Saturday.

Hon. W. F. Parker, our Representative to the Legislature, returned home last Friday.

Mesdames Snead and Coleman, of Warren, were shopping in this city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Pitman, of Pineville, were visitors in this city for a short time last Saturday.

Miss Gertrude Coone, of Flat Lick, visited friends in this city last Saturday and Sunday.

I. H. Golden, W. R. Barner and Chas. Cole were in Louisville several days this week.

Mrs. Lindsay McBrayer, of Wilton is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Martha Riley this week.

JOY THOUGHT—may be the gas but won't be so large this month, if this kind of weather keeps up.

Good, clean, interesting, instructive and educational moving pictures at Davidson hall Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore, who were married in Pineville a few days ago, left for their home in Perth, N. Dak. last Friday.

Marks Hershberg, who was a page in the lower house of the General Assembly during the recent session, returned home last Friday.

Dr. Sam Bennett, of Middlesboro, was here on business the latter part of last week and the first of this week.

The brick plant resumed operation this week. They have several large orders and will run full time if the weather permits.

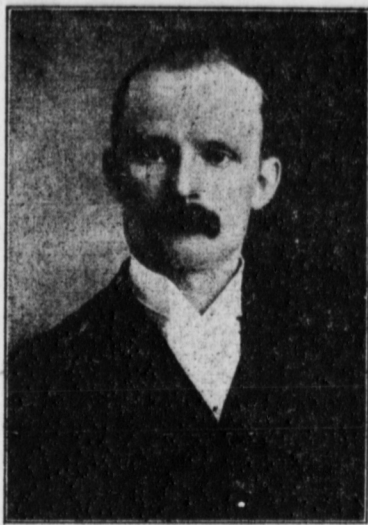
Misses Lenora and Nell Barner, chaperoned by Mrs. F. D. Sampson and Mrs. W. R. Barner, attended the dance at Warren last Friday night.

James Taggle has purchased the property formerly owned and occupied by Ian Williams, and moved into their new home the first of this week.

Robert W. Cole was in Louisville the latter part of last week attending a meeting of Knights Templar Mascons, and returned home Monday morning.

Dr. J. W. Parker, of Grays, was here on business last Saturday and announced that he had accepted a position in Tennessee as doctor for one of the large coal companies and would leave for there immediately.

A. C. Vaughn was in receipt of a photograph last week of Mr. John Eklner, who went to Colorado several months ago on account of his health, and his many friends will be glad to hear that he has improved and judging from his photograph he appears to be in perfect health.



REV. F. W. HARROP

Pastor of the First M. E. Church, Who is Conducting A Series of Successful Revival Meetings.

Revival services continue in the Methodist Episcopal Church with increasing interest, congregations growing neatly, singing and fine enthusiasm. Several have united with the church and a number have been converted, the meeting continues this week, in charge of the pastor, assisted by the Rev. Wm. Jones of Ludlow, Ky., who will preach at this week and the Rev. T. B. Stratton D. S. Everyone is cordially invited to attend and help in the work

Swan Lake Lines

J. W. Partin was in Barbourville Saturday on business—W. H. Partin made a business trip to Williamsburg, Ky. last week—A. M. Terrell visited his uncle J. B. Logan, Saturday and Sunday—Maggie Terrell who has been at Barbourville for the past five months returned home last week—Stella Partin has just returned home from King where she spent a week with her grand mother Elliot—Jessie Faulkner of Lind say was visiting home folks last week—Messrs Albert Partin, C. G. and T. C. Jackson were the guest of Clem Brown Sunday—Charley Terrell was visiting W. H. Chance Saturday night—Maggie and Martha Terrell were guests of their sister D. C. Chance last week—Stella Partin was the guest of her cousin Lula Jackson Sunday—C. G. Jackson was visiting relatives at Barbourville the latter part of last week—John and Joe Sowders was a guest of Ernest Jackson Saturday—Maggie Terrell was the guest of her cousin Iva Jackson Monday night—C. S. Faulkner was a pleasant guest of J. W. Faulkner Sunday afternoon—Ellen Terrell was visiting Jane Creighton Sunday afternoon—Messrs G. B. Lawson and Jack Alford made a business trip to Cumberland last week—A. M. Terrell visited his brother-in-law D. C. Chance Monday afternoon—Iva Jackson spent Sunday with her cousin Maggie Terrell—Maggie and Martha Terrell were the guest of M. S. W. H. Moore Thursday night—J. W. Faulkner and wife were the guest of her sister Mrs. C. S. Faulkner—Stella Partin and Lula Jackson were visiting Mary McNeil Saturday—W. H. Chance was calling on Martha Terrell Sunday—J. W. Shively of Pineville and Russ Faulkner called on Lula and Iva Jackson Sunday last—Mr. and Mrs. James

Adams were the guest of their uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. James Creighton Sunday—Ernest Jackson left Sunday for King to work this week, Green Mills and J. P. Campbell of Indian Creek were at R. M. Jackson or the purpose of buying timber Sunday—W. W. Powell was the guest of T. C. McNeil Sunday—Mary Partin was visiting her daughter Mary Elliot Sunday—Edd Jackson was the guest of his cousin Willie Terrell Sunday—Will and Edd Adams were calling on the Misses Adams Sunday last.

Snow-chop

CITY STATEMENT

Continued

Chas. Sprowl, special police	4.50
W. A. Hinkle, " "	4.50
George Foley, labor	10.75
G. F. Tinsley, August salary	25.00
John Treadway, hauling stone	49.02
John Hubble, labor	3.50
James Williams, hauling on street	1.30
Dan Walker, labor	1.53
James Williams, hauling on street	3.00
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for August	90.50
Barbourville Natural Gas Co., Aug. gas	9.75
Dan Walker, labor	9.75
W. J. Sparks & Co., 5 cars stone	81.50
J. M. Wilson, envelopes and postage on booklets	4.51
J. E. Catron, clerk fees to J. S. Cooper	3.14
F. J. Mitchell, walk of R. S. Matthews	42.04
John Treadway, hauling on street	3.00
A. J. Mitchell, hauling on street	1.50
James Williams, hauling on street	0.75
J. A. Owens, agent, freight 3 cars stone	45.72
Jack Tye, labor	3.75
James Williams, hauling on street	3.15
Dan Walker, labor	9.12
George Foley, labor	5.00
Total	\$422.17

Orders paid in October, 1911.	
Barbourville Water Co., July, Aug., Sept. water	300.00
J. A. Owens, freight on 2 cars stone	32.92
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for September	91.50
J. M. Riddell, salary as Judge for July, Aug., Sept.	45.00
Bert Catron, hauling on street	.50
Alex Jones, building crossings	48.80
Jack Tye, labor	13.74
F. J. Mitchell, culvert and crossing	12.81
W. H. Davis, culvert prisoners	38.30
J. F. Tinsley, September salary	25.00
George Foley, labor	6.87
W. A. Hinkle, building fire hose house	4.50
Tom Drake, labor	3.12
John Treadway, hauling stone	46.99
James Williams, hauling on street	11.55
Dan Walker, labor	14.37
J. E. Catron, salary to 7-1-1911 as Atty. Cathon, Seent & Co., lumber for fire hose house	18.43
E. A. Geary & Co., moving fire plug	3.00
Cathon, Seent & Co., truckage on cars	3.00
Joseph Moore, services as supervisor	6.00
Jack Tye, labor	8.88
W. J. Sparks & Co., stone in full to date	73.20
Tom Drake, labor	3.25
Total	\$917.56

Orders paid in November, 1911.	
Barbourville Electric Light Co., lights for October	92.50
Jack Tye, labor	12.12
Dan Walker, labor	11.50
J. F. Tinsley, October salary	25.00
J. A. Owens, agent, freight and demurrage on cars of stone	57.40
P. L. Ports, surveying and help	5.78
Chas. Main, killing and burying dog	.50
Barbourville Nat'l Gas Co., Oct. Gas	.28
Tom Drake, labor	11.25
Wilson Bros., supplies for fire house	1.50
Mountain Advertiser, printing for city	2.00
A. J. Mitchell, for L. H. Jarvis walk and balance on crossing	40.92
Dan Walker, labor	10.75
George Foley, labor	3.25
Total	\$284.81

Orders paid in December, 1911.	
F. J. Mitchell, election officer	2.00
Tom Drake, labor	2.65
George Foley, election officer	2.00
J. F. Hawin, walk across Broadway st. and supplies	57.84
George Foley, labor	5.00
John Treadway, hauling stone	50.50
John Treadway, hauling stone	7.20
J. A. Owens, agent, freight on 3 cars stone and demurrage	46.18
Barbourville Electric Light Co., Nov. lights	92.50
A. D. Smith, 3 poles for lights	7.30
E. S. Miller, rent of house for election	4.00
D. T. Wilson, election officer	2.00
Cumberland Nat'l Gas Co., Nov. gas	1.40
G. F. Tinsley, Nov. salary	25.00
F. J. Mitchell, for T. F. Faulkner and J. M. Dixon's walk	40.80
Rathfon, Seent & Co., truckage on stone	8.50
John Hammors, overcharge on tax	.75
Alex Sevier, tiling and roofing for fire house	31.48
H. L. Hatton, election officer	2.00
G. W. Tye, hauling lumber and tiling	11.25
Total	\$599.55

RECEIPTS OF CITY TREASURER FOR 1911	
From G. F. Tinsley on 1910 tax	\$1400.00
From G. F. Tinsley on 1911 tax	6400.00
From W. M. Mitchell for 1911 license	97.25
From J. M. Riddell for fines in 1911	276.50
From L. & N. R. Co. for 1910 tax	108.75
From J. M. Wilson for dirt sold	1.00
Bert Catron	1.00
Total	\$7283.48

RECAPITULATION.

Total amount of receipts for 1911 \$7283.48

Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1911 2787.12

Total \$10070.60

Less amt. paid out on vouchers 6006.02

Balance \$4064.58

Balance in my hands Jan. 1, 1912 \$4064.58

C. C. SMITH, City Treasurer.

Examined and found correct

John M. Tinsley, Aud. Com.

John W. Hughes, Aud. Com.

W. C. Faulkner, Aud. Com.

Approved March 18, 1912.

J. M. WILSON, Mayor.

Attest: W. M. MITCHELL, City Clerk.

Bluegrass Farm For Sale

Farm of 102½ acres 2 miles from Lancaster, Ky., on pike, 45 acres to go in corn, 5 acres tobacco, 20 acres meadow, rest in bluegrass. This is No. 1 land and good improvements. Buy direct from owner, no real estate men connected, possession at once.

R. E. Henry, Lancaster, Ky.

TAFT IS CERTAIN OF NOMINATION

Only Thing In Doubt Is Size of His Vote at Chicago.

MAY BREAK 1908 RECORD.

Sentiment Growing In Big Republican States That He Is Only Man of His Party Who Can Be Elected This Year—Voters Satisfied With Administration's Policies.

President William H. Taft is on a fair road to re-nomination as the Republican standard bearer in the campaign of 1912. With approximately 100 delegates to the Chicago convention already instructed for him, the president is more than likely to break his record of 1908, when he was nominated with 702 votes on the first ballot in the Chicago convention of that year. There is no longer any question that he will be re-nominated, and the only question now puzzling the managers of the Taft campaign is the completeness of his victory.

Coupled with the assurance of his re-nomination is the growing sentiment in the big Republican states both east and west that President Taft is the only Republican candidate who can possibly be elected this fall. It will be recalled readily enough that when Mr. Taft took office three years ago, March 4 last, the great issues of tariff



revision and reform on a protective basis and of monetary reform and the great legal problem involved in the exact meaning of the Sherman anti-trust statute were squarely before the country. In the latter issue the supreme court had not made its famous ruling in the Standard Oil and tobacco cases which were to outline for the first time since the law was passed by congress its exact meaning. On each of these three great issues it has been necessary for President Taft to consider and frame a definite policy, and it is his decision as to these great questions that has convinced the business men, the laboring men and the farmers of the country that another term in the White House for William H. Taft is all that is necessary to restore the country on that basis of unparalleled prosperity which characterized the administration of William McKinley. It is this sentiment which not only assures the re-nomination of Mr. Taft at Chicago, but also his re-election in November.

So many bewildering side issues have become involved in the present campaign for delegates to the Chicago convention that the facts above stated have been overlooked in certain communities. Even the progressive achievements of the Taft administration have been forgotten in the excitement occasioned by the introduction of new political doctrines, practically none of which, except the proposal to recall federal judges, can be dealt with by the national government, but must be decided each state for itself. The demand for a presidential preference primary in each state, wholly a state matter, in which even the president himself has no right to interfere, has been magnified into a national issue notwithstanding the fact that there is and can be no national law on the subject, and only a few states are prepared to throw the protection of the law around any such primary and in the face of the fact that one-tenth of the delegates to the Chicago convention are already chosen and hundreds of delegates elected to state and district conventions. It has been estimated that to clothe such a primary with legal authority, as provided by the rules of the party, it would cost the taxpayers of this country not less than \$5,000,000 immediately.

The hysteria occasioned by these conditions is now passing away, and the foremost facts staring the voters in the face are the progressive and definite policies of President Taft and the certainty of an immediate improvement in business conditions all over the country following his re-nomination and re-election. These facts are of vital interest to all classes of citizens, especially when they are confronted

with the alternative of a change in administration, a change in policies and a continuation of business depression and general unrest.

In estimating the probabilities of President Taft's re-nomination and re-election it is necessary to recur only to recent history. The president carried every northern state in 1908. Between the election of that year and 1910 occurred the tariff legislation known as the Payne tariff law. It is a well known maxim of politics that that party which revises the tariff is defeated at the next election, and the only exception to the rule in recent years was the passage of the Dingley law, which was followed so closely by the outbreak of the Spanish-American war as to bury the tariff issue in a wave of patriotic enthusiasm. The more recent by-elections in the big Republican states east of the Mississippi river, notably in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, have shown a return of Republicans to the fold and a restoration of the old time Republican majorities, which justifies the prediction that they will be safely in the Taft column in November. That they will so unanimously support any other Republican candidate, particularly if the third term issue is injected into the fight, is denied by the best informed leaders in those states.

As to the nomination there is no longer any doubt but that President Taft will have a majority of the delegates both from the north and the south. New England will be practically if not entirely solid for him. He will have sweeping victories in New York, Pennsylvania and the other middle Atlantic states. Ohio has never yet failed to support a favorite son candidate or failed to cast its electoral vote for a Republican candidate for president. Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska,

South Dakota and Oklahoma of the middle western states will all have their quota of Taft delegates in the convention, four of them having already instructed delegates in some districts for the president. The southern states will be almost unanimous in their support of the president, while in Utah, Montana, Idaho, Colorado, Wyoming, Arizona and the Pacific coast states there is every assurance of solid Taft delegations. Present indications point only to a scattering opposition to President Taft's re-nomination.

Taft For Peace.
It was only by the exercise of mere discretion and tact that war was averted with Mexico nearly a year ago. Had President Taft yielded to the demands of some of the "Jingoes" of the country the United States might easily have been plunged into a conflict with its neighbor over fancied wrongs. Without permitting the rights of American citizens to suffer in any respect, Mr. Taft handled a ticklish diplomatic situation with such good judgment that trouble was averted and the friendly relations with Mexico were undisturbed.

Taft's Anti-trust Record.
In the real prosecution of the trusts the administration of President Taft has established a record that is far beyond that of any of his predecessors. Big combinations have been brought to the bar of federal justice, their promoters have been fined for disobeying the Sherman anti-trust law, and the controlling corporations have been disintegrated. The record of the Taft administration stands unequalled in its curbing of illegal combinations and monopolies.

What Theodore Roosevelt Said.
On the 4th of March next I shall have served three and a half years, and this three and a half years constitute my first term. The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form, and UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES WILL I BE A CANDIDATE FOR OR ACCEPT ANOTHER NOMINATION.—Theodore Roosevelt, Nov. 8, 1904.

I HAVE NOT CHANGED AND SHALL NOT CHANGE THAT DECISION THUS ANNOUNCED.—Theodore Roosevelt, Dec. 11, 1907.

I WILL ACCEPT THE NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENT IF IT IS TENDERED TO ME, and I will adhere to this decision until the convention has expressed its preference.—Theodore Roosevelt, Feb. 24, 1912.

List of Candidates

Emma Morris	133019
Jess Davis	115018
Alice Helton	112078
M. E. S. S. North	107579
Linda Lawson	106801
Kitty Carnes	105387
Nan Logan	104337
Jess Ballard	103906
Mrs. Lou Webb	103804
Elva Jackson	101203
Julia Smith	99581
Betty Golden	98398
Florence Shelton	98305
Mattie Lawson	92581
Hilda Fisher	94786
Margaret Helton	98902
Mable Matthews	94107
Gladys Stolle	85328
Laura Hays	104701
Maggie Terrell	102100
Sarah J. Fuson	101206
Naomi Tuttle	82110
Bertha Lane	70255
Clara Lambdin	47683
Dorothy Miller	69123
Bertha Hall	101907
Bess Sawyer	43822
Nannie V. Soward	95809
Nila Parker	55910
Cleo Howard	99127
Francis Farmer	90321
Louise Hyden	98703
Lutie Lockhart	87504
Mary Gilbert	98826
Elsie Wilson	92255
Myrtle Mitchell	57821
M. E. S. S. South	95516
Gladys Stratton	95781
Maud Elliot	61737
Floy Miles	72819
Evelyn Black	58627
Jewel Tye	74183
Mary McDermott	84648
Cleo Jones	76828
Beatrice Croley	73561
Ethel Owens	91613
Alice Arnett	82916
Lillie Williams	51610
Evelyn McClung	57827
Delia Bishop	95591
Mary Berry	64817
Lou Faulkner	42588
Ida Faulkner	98020
Daisy Herd	52183
Bulah May	52681
Mary Saylor	67911
Bonnie Tye	68122
Pauline Blackburn	94895
Florence B. Norman	94560
Nora Henson	47621
Nelle Root	31201
Daisy Robison	41780
Roberta Cole	52621
Maud Cole	27868
Mattie Shelton	62618
Pearl Bullock	72781
Ottie Adams	74628
Lenora Lewis	93681
Lucille Woodson	48795
Mollie Gibson	91322
Minnie Lewallen	72688
Miss Morey	74827
Ida Winchester	92109

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT

The Samuel Ach Company, plff. vs. A. M. Offutt, Sarah Offutt, and The First National Bank of Corbin, Dett. Under a judgement rendered in the Knox Circuit Court at its January term, 1912, in the case of Samuel Ach Company, plff., vs. A. M. Offutt, Sarah H. Offutt and First National Bank of Corbin, Dett. The undersigned commissioner will on Monday March 25th 1912, it being County Court day for Knox County between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 p. m., at the front door of the court house in Barbourville, Ky. sell on a credit of six months, to the highest and best bidder, the following described property to satisfy the judgment in said case, amounting to \$1624.55 and cost \$48.50 said lands are situated on Wilson street in East Corbin in Knox county Kentucky. And being lots No. 22-23 in the Ford addition in the city of Corbin; beginning at a stake in the line of Wilson street corner to lot No. 21 in the Ford addition; thence S 12 E 100 feet to a stake corner to lot No. 24 in said addition; thence N 88½ E 140 feet to a twelve foot alley; thence N 12 W 100 feet to a stake in the line of said alley corner of lot No. 21 in said addition. S 88½ W 140 feet to the beginning and being the same lots conveyed to A. M. Offutt by Sarah Rains (Sarah Ford) and conveyed by A. M. Offutt to the defendant Sarah Offutt. Said property will be sold on credit of six months the purchaser to execute bonds with approved security bearing interest at six per cent, from date until paid, having the force and effect of a judgment and retaining a lien on said property until the purchase money is paid. Witness my hand, this 4th day of March 1912.

J. R. Jones, Commissioner

The Pool of Flame

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Illustrations by Ellsworth Young

Copyright 1909, by Louis Joseph Vance



The Pool of Flame Lay Naked in His Palm.

was afraid. He's superstitious about the stone—believes it had luck to touch it so long as it remains away from its Buddha. So he came to us. I myself am not superstitious, but

He ceased to speak abruptly, for the Pool of Flame lay naked, a blinding marvel, in the hollow of his palm. O'Rourke heard him gasp and was conscious of his hastened respiration. Watching the man intently, he saw a strange shade of pallor color his face.

"Tis meself," said the adventurer, "that's no more superstitious than ye, sir. Yet I'm willing to confess I'm glad the thing's out of me hands at last."

Sypher seemed to recollect himself as one coming out of a state of stupor. He stood up and buttoned the ruby carefully into a pocket of his trousers. "Come," he said crisply. "Let us step across the street to the bank. The money's there for you, sir—the reward."

CHAPTER XXXI.

Back in his stateroom on the Poonah, O'Rourke threw himself into the lower berth and lay there, a forearm flung across his eyes, thinking excitedly, disturbed by formless forebodings.

Beside him Danny was packing industriously, with now and again a pause during which he would stand reflective, his gaze fixed upon his employer's face, a little puzzled and perplexed.

The Poonah was pausing overnight to discharge and take aboard cargo; for this reason O'Rourke in his haste to get ashore had not delayed to take his luggage with him. On deck, fore and aft donkey engines were puffing and chugging and chain tackles rattling as they lifted freight to and from the hold and the lighters alongside.

Abruptly, without moving, O'Rourke spoke. "I'll want evening clothes, Danny," said he. "Tis dining I am tonight with Mr. Straker and his niece, Miss Pynsent, who came with us from Diamond Harbor. 'Twill save a bit of bother to dress before I go ashore."

"Aw-w," said Danny, assimilating. "And the missus?" he said suddenly, some minutes later. "M'an-in' Madam O'Rourke, sor. Did ye get no word from her?"

"For what else would I be driving to every hotel in the town after leaving Mr. Sypher, Danny, but to inquire for her? She's not here; but she'll come, be sure. She's still got several days—three or four—in which to keep our trust. 'Tis discontented I am not to find her waiting for me, but I'm satisfied entirely she'll keep faith."

"And," insisted Danny eagerly—"beggin' yer honor's pardon—but what will ye have to tell her, sor?"

O'Rourke sat up. "Have to tell her? What d'ye mean?"

"I mean, sor, I'm dyin' wid the wish to know how ut's all turned out. Please, yer honor, won't ye be tellin' me? Is ut—is ut all right?"

"Bless your heart, Danny!" laughed O'Rourke. "Tis so dazed I've been that I never thought to tell ye—thinking all the time that ye knew. 'Tis all right, indeed, me boy. The Pool of Flame's in Mr. Sypher's keeping and the money's in mine—in the bank, Danny, payable to me order. Think of it—one hundred thousand pounds of real money, and all me own. 'Tis ridiculous, 'tis absurd. 'Tis meself hardly-credits the truth of it all; yet I was there—saw the man, gave him the jewel, went to the bank with him and for the space of five minutes sat at a table, with all that money before me, counting it over, bill by bill, a square hundred of them, each for a

thousand pounds, guaranteed by the Bank of England! . . . Think of that—all that belonging to me—to me, O'Rourke!"

"Thank God!" breathed Danny devotedly. "But did ye I'm nothin' about the stone?"

"Little enough, Danny—only a part of the meaning of the whole devilish business; the rest I'm to know to-night. Mr. Sypher 'll be tellin' me after we've dined; he wants to hear me own end of the story, too."

Sypher had very explicitly named his dinner hour, after the formal English fashion, nowhere and by nobody more rigidly observed than by the Englishman in the Orient; "eight for eight-thirty," he had said. And as O'Rourke, a very dignified and imposing O'Rourke in his evening dress, waited for a sampa on the lower grating of the Poonah's passenger gangplank he had a round three-quarters for an hour for leeway—ample leisure for an interested inspection of that part of Rangoon lying between the floating jetty and Sypher's residence in a suburb near Dalhousie Park.

Danny remained aboard ship only temporarily, being instructed to follow with O'Rourke's belongings to suitable accommodations already engaged at a hotel on the Strand, overlooking the roadstead; from whose windows O'Rourke was promising himself the pleasure of watching the arrival of the steamship bearing his wife to his arms.

"Bless her dear face!" said he softly. "'Tis meself will be desolated if she's not aboard that Messageries boat due tomorrow—now that I can go back to her, a man of property, no longer a pauper ne'er-do-well! Think of that, ye lucky dog!"

A sampa slid noiselessly in beside the grating. O'Rourke let himself cautiously into it and incontinently collapsed upon the rear seat as the boat slid away toward the shore lights, yielding to the vigorous sweeps of the single long oar wielded by the Burman in the bows.

Ashore, a tikkaharry caught him up and bore him down the silent road that winds between the Strand and the river's edge, then whipped into Mogul street, where the fluent tide of life ran broad and deep beneath a glare of light.

All too quickly the tikkah whisked out of the main channel of the city's life, out beyond the Mohammedan mosque and the Chetti's hall and the Christian chapel, and into the soft, dense night of the countryside—a world of darkness sparsely studded with dim, glowing windows; and all too soon, again, it swung off to the highway into a private drive, crunched over gravel and stopped before the illuminated veranda of a native bungalow.

O'Rourke got down, discharged the driver and ascended the steps, a little puzzled to find no one waiting to welcome him, whether Sypher, Miss Pynsent, or at worst a servant. Surely he was expected. . . . But nobody appeared. The grating tires of the departing tikkaharry had made noise enough to apprise the household of the arrival of a guest, one would think. Nevertheless O'Rourke remained ungreeted.

He stroked his chin, perplexed, wondering if by mischance the native driver had brought him to the wrong bungalow. But it was now too late to call him back and make sure. And

this verandah, still and empty as it was, softly lighted by lanterns dependent from its roof, was to him a small oasis in a world of darkness. Without advice he was lost, could find his way no other where. He would have simply to wait until the household came to life, or until by his own efforts he succeeded in quickening it.

He tried to do this latter to the best of his ability by tapping a summons on the door-jamb. Through the wire insect-screens a broad hallway and a staircase rising to the upper floor were visible. Limp, cool-looking rugs conceived in pleasing color-schemes protected the hardwood flooring. To the right a door stood ajar and permitted a broad shaft of light to escape from the room beyond. On the other hand a similar door, likewise open, showed a dimmer glow. Two other doors were closed; O'Rourke assumed that they led to the kitchen offices.

Having waited a few moments without event, the Irishman knocked a second time, and would have knocked a third when he thought better of it and glanced at his watch. It was only a matter of ten minutes after eight; strictly interpreting the intent of Sypher's invitation, he was a trifle



Beyond All Doubt, He Had Been Murdered.

early. Presumably the servants were all out of earshot, preoccupied with preparations for the meal; while Sypher and his niece were most probably still dressing.

With an impatient air O'Rourke turned back to the veranda. A hammock in one corner was swinging idly in the breeze. A number of wicker armchairs stood about, invitingly furnished with cushions. O'Rourke selected one and disposed himself to wait.

After five minutes he frowned thoughtfully and lit a cigarette.

"Faith, 'tis a fine surprise he's given me," he said, irresolute. "But it can't be premeditated insult. Why should it be? And they can't all be out. 'Tis sorry I am I let that driver go; more than likely this will be the wrong house entirely. That must be the trouble. I'll just go, quietly fold up me tent and decamp before the inhabitants, if any there be, discover me and run me off the premises."

But at the head of the steps, with foot poised to descend, something restrained him; it would be difficult to say what, unless it were the unbroken, steadfast, uncanny quiet. "I'll have a look," he determined suddenly; "perhaps . . ."

He turned to the right and stopped before a long, open window, looking into what seemed to be a music room and library combined. Brilliantly illuminated by hanging lamps of unusual brilliancy, the interior was clearly revealed. And with an abrupt exclamation the adventurer entered, feeling for the revolver, to carry which had of late become habitual with him.

The room was simply furnished, if tastefully. There was a grand piano near the veranda windows with a music rack and cabinet near by. Dispersed about the floor were a few comfortable chairs, a rug of rare Oriental texture, two consoles adorned with valuable porcelains. In the middle of the room stood a draped center-table littered with books and magazines; toward the back a long, flat-topped desk. And against the rear wall, ordinarily hidden by a folding screen of Japanese manufacture, now swept aside, was a small steel safe. Upon this O'Rourke's attention was centered. He remarked that it looked new and very strong; it was open, disclosing a variety of pigeonholes more or less occupied by docketed documents, and a smaller interior strong-box.

Between the desk and the safe a man lay prone and quite motionless. He was dressed for a ceremonious dinner, and apparently had been struck down in the act of stepping from his desk to the safe. For beyond all doubt he had been murdered. The haft of a knife protruded from his back, buried to its hilt just beneath his left shoulder-blade.

O'Rourke moved over to the body and lifted it by the shoulders, turning the face to the light. Then, with a low oath, he dropped it.

A small sound, so slight as to be all but indistinguishable, penetrated O'Rourke's stupefaction. He stood erect, looking about, telling himself that the noise resembled as much as anything the hushed cry of a child sobbing in sleep, soft and infinitely pathetic. Unable to assign its source elsewhere, he attributed it to the stricken man at his feet; and in a desperate hope that the pulse of life might still linger in Sypher's body, he knelt, withdrew the knife, turned the corpse upon its back, and laid his ear to its breast, above the heart. Be-

Other chapters of this highly interesting story will appear next issue. Watch for them.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Meyers, Bowman Hat Co

vs

William Parker etc,

also

Smith, Riley and Company

vs

William Parker etc.

I. S. H. Jones, sheriff of Knox County, will on Monday, March 25, 1912 between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. at the front door of the courthouse in Barbourville, Ky. sell at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder on a credit of six months with good security, a certain tract of land lying on the road fork of Stinking Creek in Knox County, Ky., and bounded and describe as follows: beginning at an ash standing on the east side of the county road leading up the road fork of Stinking Creek being a corner of land owned by W. H. Broughton and John Jackson; thence with the meanders of a spur and W. H. Broughton's line n 50 w 26 poles to a red oak n 71 w 20 poles to a stake on said spur n 75 e 38 poles to a red oak n 89 w 16 poles to a stake on said spur n 74 w 24 poles to three small chestnuts W. H. Broughton corner on top of the ridge between road fork and Anderson fork of Stinking Creek pointed by a block standing s 30 w 40 links; thence with the top of said dividing ridge s 47 30 w 20 poles to 5 hickories s 37 w 8 poles to a stake s 27 w 12 poles to a chestnut oak and locust on a high knob and rocky place; thence down a spur on

the main ridge s 35 e 12 poles to a stake s 21 e 9 poles to a black oak s 49 e 12-6-10 poles to a black gum n 83-30 e 10-2-15 poles to a chestnut oak and rock on agreed corner made between parties hereto; thence with an agreed line between the parties 49-1-2 e 16 poles to a stake in a drain; thence with said drain s 43-30 e 12 poles s 32 e 12 pole, to a stake in said drain; s 37 e 8 poles to a stake in said drain; s 50-1-2 e 12 poles to a small ash on the west bank of the creek; thence with said creek with its meanders to a stake; thence n 50 w 2 poles to the beginning Book 22 page 152, levied upon as the property of Milton Jackson, March 2, 1912.

Said levy and sale are under and by virtue of execution No. 3587 and 3589 which issued from the office of the Knox Circuit Court on Jan. 29, and Feb. 6th, 1912.

The amount of money to be raised is \$224.41 with legal interest from the 25th day of October, 1911, and sum of \$45.00 for cost.

S. H. Jones, S. K. C.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The National Bank of Jno. A. Black, vs.

J. E. Golden and Wm. Golden, etc. I. S. H. Jones, sheriff of Knox County will on Monday the 8th day of April 1912, it being the first day of Knox Circuit Court; between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. at the front door of the courthouse in Barbourville, Ky., sell at public outcry to the highest and best bidder on a credit of six months, with good security, the following described tract of land or so much thereof to pay the debt and cost. FIRST TRACT beginning on a chestnut standing near the road leading from the Thomas Hall house to Harboursville; thence n e down the hill to the mouth of a small ravine below the coal bank; thence with said stream to S F K Lley's line; thence with Kelley's line to John Stampers corner and with Stampers line to an Indian mound on top of the hill; thence n w with the meanders of the ridge to the Peter Wilson line; thence s with said Wilson's line to W. B. Anderson's corner; thence s 42 w 50 poles to a stake on W. B. Anderson's line; thence s 48 e 136 poles to a chestnut tree; thence in the same direction to a branch; thence with said branch to a popular tree on line between C. Harrison and J. M. Dishman; thence to the beginning. This deed will be found recorded in Deed Book M at page 52.

SECOND TRACT beginning at stake, a corner of the W. B. Anderson tract on a line between what was once the land of C. Harrison and James Dishman; thence s 42 w 50 poles to a stake and corner on said line sold by M. Eve and others to W. B. Anderson; thence s 48 e 136 poles to a chestnut tree another corner of W. B. Anderson; thence in the same direction to the first branch; thence with said branch to a popular tree on the line between C. Harrison and Jas. M. Dishman; thence with said line to the beginning, containing 50 acres more or less. This land was deeded to Wm. Golden by W. R. Hall & Co., and is found recorded in Deed Book No. 7 at page 297.

Said levy and sale are under, and by virtue of execution No. 3590 which issued from the Knox Circuit Court on the 6th day of March, 1912. Amount of money to be raised is \$100.00 with interest from the 12th day of Jan., 1911, and the sum of \$25.00 cost. Levied on as the property of Wm. Golden, this March 19th 1912

S. H. Jones, S. K. C.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Thomas Goodin

vs

Robert Goodin

I. S. H. Jones, sheriff of Knox County, will on Monday, March 25, 1912, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the courthouse in Barbourville, Kentucky, sell at public outcry to the highest and best bidder on a credit of six months with approved security, one house and lot near Flat Lick, Knox County, Kentucky

and bounded on the north by lands of J. H. Wilson, east by lands of J. H. Wilson; south by lands of Wade Smith, and west by lands of Sam Jackson and levied on as the house and lot of the defendant, Robert Goodin. Said levy and sale are under and by virtue of execution No. 4883 which issued from the Bell Circuit Court on the 27th day of February, 1912.

The amount of money to be raised is \$1297.00 with legal interest from the 12th day of October 1910, and sum of \$175.00 for cost.

S. H. Jones, S. K. C.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT

Perry Cole, ptff. vs.

Gordon and Julia Parker, defts.

Under a judgement rendered in the Knox Circuit Court at its January term 1912 in the above styled case the undersigned Master Commissioner will on Monday April 8th 1912, it being first day of Circuit Court day for Knox County, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the front door of the courthouse in Barbourville, Ky., sell on a credit of six months the following described land or so much thereof to raise the sum of \$687.63 and cost \$55.00 the land will be sold to the highest bidder and the purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security bearing interest from date of sale and having the force and effect of a judgement with a lien retained upon said property until paid in full said tract of land is situated lying and being on Stony Fork of Little Poplar Creek in Knox County and bounded as follows: Beginning on a willow at the branch on the side of the road same being a conditional line made between S. S. Parker and J. D. Parker running thence s 80 n 4 poles to a stake; thence n 40 e 50 poles to a walnut and black oak; thence n 8 e 24 poles to a stake; thence e 70 n 33 poles to a stake; thence n 9 w 78 poles to a stake; thence n 55 e 18 poles to a stake; thence north to the road to the Mary Parker line; thence with said Mary Parker line to Thos. Prichards line to a white oak and hickory; thence with Prichards line to a chestnut oak a corner of S. S. Parker; thence s. 38 e 80 poles to the beginning.

Given under my hand this March 4th 1912

I. R. JONES,

Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

KNOX CIRCUIT COURT

Mayne H. Johnson, ptffs. vs.

Mildred A. Faulkner, defts.

Under a judgement rendered in the Knox Circuit Court at its January term 1912, in the above styled case shows that said land was heretofore sold by the undersigned, Master Commissioner of this court and said land did not bring two-thirds of its appraised value at said sale. It is now adjudged by the court that the equity of Redemption in said land be sold. Now the undersigned Master Commissioner, will on Monday March 25th 1912, it being County Court day for Knox County, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. at the east door of the court house in Barbourville, Ky., sell on a credit of six months the equity of redemption in the following, described tract of land and the purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security bearing interest from the date of sale and having the force and effect of a judgement with a lien retained upon said property until paid in full, same is as follows:

Situated in Knox county, on S. ranch ankle Branch of Richland Creek, and bounded as follows. Beginning at a black oak in the line of Joseph Miller's wire fence, the 7th corner to a 33 acre survey made in the name of D. A. Johnson and D. H. Black, thence N 33 E 42 poles to a hickory the 6th corner to said survey; thence N 43 3/4 W 48 poles to a black oak stump and hickory the 5th corner to said survey; thence with the marked line N 3 3/4 W 15 poles to a locust, on the Larkin Tuggle line of his 170 acre survey; thence with same S 75 W 65 poles to a down poplar, black-gum, locust and black oak Tuggle's corner, and on a line of the Engle survey; thence with the Engle line S 42 1/2 E 74 poles to a poplar, sassafras and ash, Engle's corner; thence with another line of said Engle's S 48 E 60 poles to a stake on the Joe Miller line; thence with same N 74 E 57 poles to a hickory on a line of the aforesaid 33 acre survey; thence with same N 40 E 18 poles to the beginning, containing 30 acres.

Given under my hand as master commissioner of the Knox Circuit Court,

I. R. Jones,

Commissioner.

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